

Humanitarian Response Plan: Mauritania 2017

Requirements and funding per cluster*

(Report as of 26-Jun-2019)

Compiled by OCHA on the basis of information provided by donors and recipient organizations.<http://fts.unocha.org>

	Original requirements USD A	Revised requirements USD B	Carry-over USD C	Funding USD D	Total resources available USD E=C+D	Unmet requirements B-E	% Covered E/B	Outstanding pledges F
Coordination	2,700,000	2,700,000	0	0	0	2,700,000	0%	0
EHA	5,000,000	5,000,000	0	0	0	5,000,000	0%	0
Multi-secteur	32,540,000	32,540,000	0	0	0	32,540,000	0%	0
Nutrition	10,160,000	10,160,000	0	0	0	10,160,000	0%	0
Protection	1,600,000	1,600,000	0	0	0	1,600,000	0%	0
Relèvement précoce	3,500,000	3,500,000	0	0	0	3,500,000	0%	0
Santé	4,000,000	4,000,000	0	0	0	4,000,000	0%	0
Sécurité Alimentaire	15,000,000	15,000,000	0	0	0	15,000,000	0%	0
Grand Total:	74,500,000	74,500,000	0	0	0	74,500,000	0.0%	0

This response plan uses an alternative costing model whereby clusters estimate their requirements by unit-based calculations. No projects are presented in this response plan. Funding towards the agencies participating to the response plan is used to calculate the coverage of the plan.

CAP: The consolidated appeals process (CAP) is the precursor to the current humanitarian programming cycle (HPC).

Carry-over: Previous year's carry-over stocks (i.e. stocks physically in-country at 31 December) and carry-over contributions (i.e. funds committed by the donor at 31 December), not spent or used in the previous year, and now to be applied to projects in the current year.

Commitment: Creation of a contractual obligation regarding funding between the donor and appealing agency. Almost always takes the form of a signed contract. This is the crucial stage of humanitarian funding: agencies cannot spend money and implement before a funding commitment is made; once it is made, they can begin spending against it, using cash reserves.

Consolidated appeals: A precursor to the current humanitarian response plans (HRPs).

Contribution: The payment or transfer of funds or in-kind goods from the donor towards the appealing agency, resulting from a commitment.

Flash appeal: An inter-agency humanitarian response strategy to a major disaster that requires a coordinated response beyond the capacity of the government or any single agency. The appeal addresses acute needs for a common planning horizon, normally up to six months.